

# An introduction to Choco

A *java* Constraint Programming Library

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- 1 The Choco constraint solver
  - A little bit of history
  - The design of Choco
  - General features
- 2 The practice of Choco
- 3 Choco around the World
- 4 The future of Choco
- 5 Acknowledgements

# A solver for teaching and research



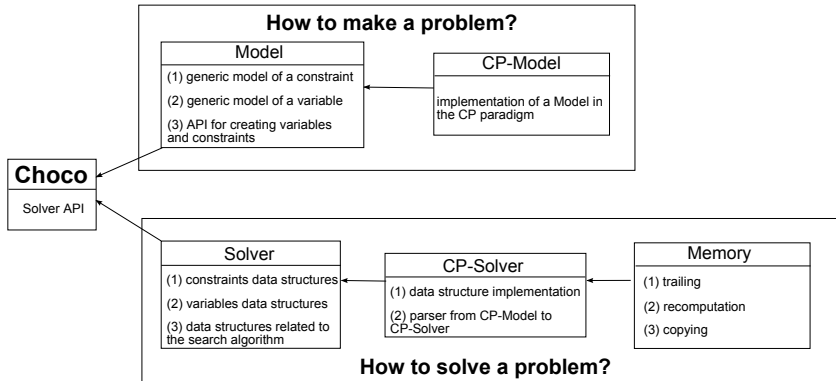
- 1999 : a first CLAIRE implementation within the OCRE project  
an national initiative for an open constraint solver for both teaching  
and research (Nantes, Montpellier, Toulouse, Bouygues, ONERA)
- 2003 : a first Java implementation  
portability, ease of use for newcomers, etc.
- 2008 : Choco V2  
a clear separation between the model and the solving machinery ; a  
complete re-factoring ; a user-oriented version

# An open constraint solver



- An open system
  - a source forge project
  - BSD license for all possible usages
- A glass box
  - designed for both teaching and research
  - efficient yet readable
  - readable yet efficient

# General Schema of Choco's Architecture



# Embedded Variable Types



A wide **variety of variable** paradigms :

- Integer variables : enumerated and bounded,
- Set variables : enumerated and bounded,
- Real variables,
- Composite variables : integer expression and real expression composed with operators like *plus*, *mult*, *minus*, *scalar*, *sum*, *power*, ... (first-class citizen)

**Work in progress** :

- Intervals list.

# A Large Choice of Implemented Constraints



About **70 available constraints** in Choco :

- Classical **arithmetic constraints** : equal, not equal, less or equal, greater or equal,
- A large set of useful **global constraints** : AllDifferent and BoundAllDifferent, GlobalCardinality and BoundGCC, AtMostNvalue, Cumulative, Occurrence, Element, ...
- **Exclusive** constraints : Tree, ...
- **Reified** constraints : and, or, not, implies, ifOnlyIf, ...

# Search-related tools



User can use predefined search methods :

- Searching CSP solutions : **solve** for searching first solution and **solveAll** for searching all solutions
- Optimizing a problem by maximizing ou minimizing a variable value (**maximize** and **minimize**) with or without restart
- Some new feature in next release like solve with restarts (useful for heuristics with learning)...



# Embedded Search Heuristics



Choco proposes a set of implemented **Search Heuristics**. Two kinds are distinguished :

- **Variable choice** : MinDomain, RandomIntVarSelector, StaticVarOrder, DomOverDeg, DomOverDynDeg, DomOverWDeg, DomOverFailureDeg, LexIntVarSelector, ...
- **Value choice for a Variable** : DecreasingDomain, IncreasingDomain, MaxVal, MinVal, MidVal, ReallIncreasingDomain, RandomIntValSelector, RandomSetValSelector, ...

- 1 The Choco constraint solver
- 2 The practice of Choco
  - A First Problem
  - The Nqueens problem
  - Custom branching
  - Good Practice
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$$x + y = z$$



- Two parts : the *Model* and a *Solver*.

```
Model m = new CPMoel();  
Solver s = new CPSolver();
```

$$x + y = z$$



- Two parts : the *Model* and a *Solver*.

```
Model m = new CPModel();  
Solver s = new CPSolver();
```

- *Model* = Variables + Expressions + Constraints.

```
IntegerVariable v1 = makeBoundIntVar("v1",1,5);  
IntegerVariable v2 = makeBoundIntVar("v2",1,5);  
IntegerVariable v3 = makeBoundIntVar("v3",1,5);  
IntegerExpressionVariable e1 = plus(v1,v2);  
Constraint c1 = eq(v3,e1);
```

$$x + y = z$$



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Constraint c1 = eq(v3,e1);
```

- Linking *Variables* and *Constraints*

```
m.addVariable(v1,v2,v3);  
m.addConstraint(c1);
```

$$x + y = z$$



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```
Model m = new CPMoel();  
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- *Model* = Variables + Expressions + Constraints.

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Constraint c1 = eq(v3,e1);
```

- Linking *Variables* and *Constraints*

```
m.addVariable(v1,v2,v3);  
m.addConstraint(c1);
```

- Feeding the *Model* to the *Solver*

```
s.read(m);  
s.solve();
```

# Problem and Variables declaration



A well-known problem : the nqueens problem

- *Model* and *Solver* declarations

```
Model m = new CPMoel();  
Solver s = new CPSolver();
```

- A model using three kinds of *Variables*

```
IntegerVariable[] q = new IntegerVariable[n];  
IntegerVariable[] d1 = new IntegerVariable[n];  
IntegerVariable[] d2 = new IntegerVariable[n];  
 $\forall i \in [1, n], q[i] = \text{makeEnumIntVar}("q"+i, 1, n);$   
 $\forall i \in [1, 2 * n], d1[i] = \text{makeEnumIntVar}("d1-"+i, 1, 2 * n);$   
 $\forall i \in [1, 2 * n], d2[i] = \text{makeEnumIntVar}("d2-"+i, -n, n);$ 
```

# Constraint declaration



- *Model* and *Solver* declarations
- A model using three kinds of *Variables*
- *Equality (channeling) constraints* are defined :

```
Constraint[] equalities = new Constraint[2 * n];
int i,j = 0;
while (i < n) {
    equalities[j] = eq(d1[i], plus(q[i], i));
    equalities[j+1] = eq(d2[i], minus(q[i], i));
    i++; j+=2;
}
```

- *AllDifferent constraints* are defined

```
Constraint[] allDiff = new Constraint[3];
allDiff[0] = allDifferent(q);
allDiff[1] = allDifferent(d1);
allDiff[2] = allDifferent(d2);
```



# Relating *Variables* and *Constraints*



- *Model* and *Solver* declarations
- A model using three kinds of *Variables*
- *Constraint* declaration.
- Relating *Variables* and *Constraints* in the Model.

```
m.addVariable(q) ;  
m.addVariable(d1) ;  
m.addVariable(d2) ;  
m.addConstraint(equalities) ;  
m.addConstraint(allDiff) ;
```

# Search Heuristic and Resolution



- *Model* and *Solver* declarations
- A model using three kinds of *Variables*
- *Constraint* declaration.
- Relating *Variables* and *Constraints* in the Model.
- Feeding the *Model* to the *Solver* :

```
s.read(m) ;
```

- A search heuristic : choosing a *Variable* whose domain has a minimum size...

```
s.setVarIntSelector(new MinDomain(s,s.getVar(q))) ;
```

- Resolution begins...

```
s.solve() ;
```

# Customizing the search



Customizing the search can be done by custom branching (for instance)

- Creating an `AbstractIntBranching` class

```
s.attachGoal(new DichotomicBranching(s.getVar(q)));  
...  
DichotomicBranching extends AbstractLargeIntBranching {
```

- Implementing some functions like

```
public int getFirstBranch(Object x) { return 1; }  
public int getNextBranch(...) { return i+1; }  
public boolean finishedBranching(..) { return i == 2; }  
  
public void goDownBranch(..) ... {  
    ...  
    int middle = (var.getSup() + var.getInf()) / 2;  
    if (i == 1) var.setSup(middle);  
    else var.setInf(middle + 1);  
}
```

# In a few words



Keep your mind, in Choco :

- Modeling and search are separated through *Model* and *Solver*
- *Variables* and *Constraints* are separated from *Model* and *Solver*

The Choco philosophy :

- an open, user-oriented constraint solver
- a clear separation between model and solver
- a living solver

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# Academic usage of Choco (as far as we know)



- in France :
  - Universities : Nantes, Montpellier, Rennes, Toulouse, Clermont-Ferrand
  - Engineering schools : ENSTA, Ecole des Mines de Nancy, Ecole des Mines de Nantes
- in Europe :
  - UK : University of Glasgow
  - Ireland : University of Cork

# Industry usage of Choco (as far as we know)



- Big companies : Bouygues, Amadeus, Dassault
- Research agencies : ONERA, NASA
- Software and Integrators : Kls-Optim, alfaplan GmbH

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- A *ChocoDay* alongside the French CP days (in June)
- For the first time : contestant within the CP solver competition
- A dynamic website : downloads, teaching material, demo material, etc.

# Current hot topics inside choco



- integrating explanations (PaLM V2)
- implementing automatic reformulation techniques
- global constraint automatic and generic generation
- integration with LP!

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# The Choco team



- the founding fathers  
François Laburthe (Amadeus), Narendra Jussien (EMN, LINA)
- the core team  
Guillaume Rochart (Bouygues), Hadrien Cambazard (4C)
- the new generation  
Charles Prud'homme (EMN – project management), Xavier Lorca (EMN – teaching, training), Guillaume Richaud (EMN – dev.), Julien Menana (EMN – dev.), Arnaud Malapert (EMN – dev.)
- the funding fathers  
École des Mines de Nantes, Bouygues SA, Amadeus SA