

Architecture Client-Serveur Ouverte pour Travaux Pratiques Distants 24h/24-7j/7 en Electronique

**Open Architecture for Remote
Labworks in Electronics**

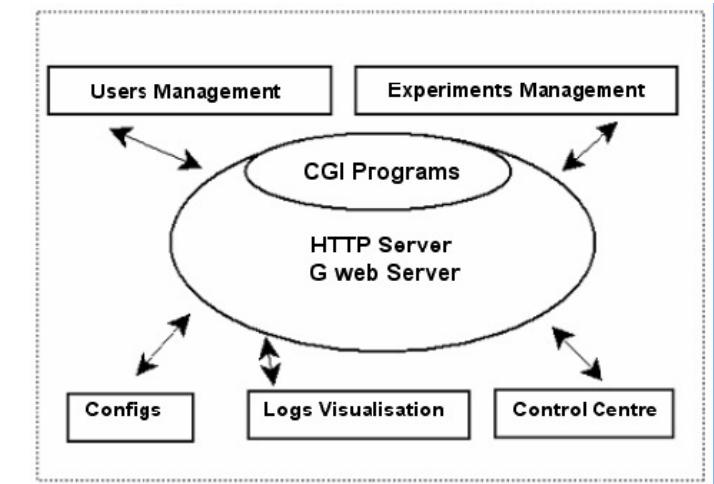
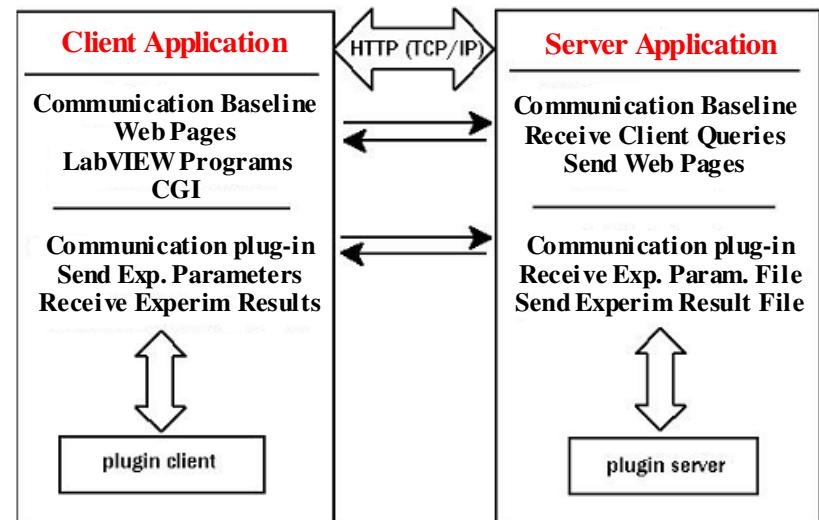
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Context: Remote Lab Work

- Electronics, automation, signal processing labs:
 - technical & engineering students
 - undergraduate level
- Distant practical learning
 - via Internet TCP/IP
- Real-world experiments and instrumentation:
 - not only simulations and virtual instrumentation
 - physical devices & instruments (analog/digital)
 - PC remote control / monitoring of distant systems

Client-Server Architecture

- Global architecture
 - software & hardware
 - open, extensible (plug-ins)
- HTTP Server:
 - G Web Server, CGI scripts
 - Internet Developper Toolkit
- Client through internet:
 - student at home (with cdrom)
 - upload params & configs
 - run expe., real-time visu of curves
 - download of results & measures, interpretation



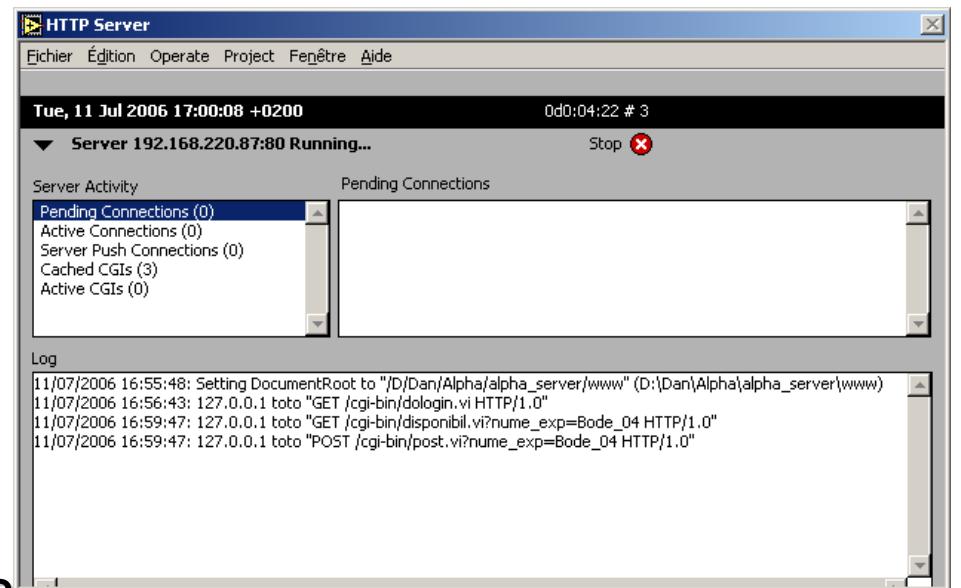
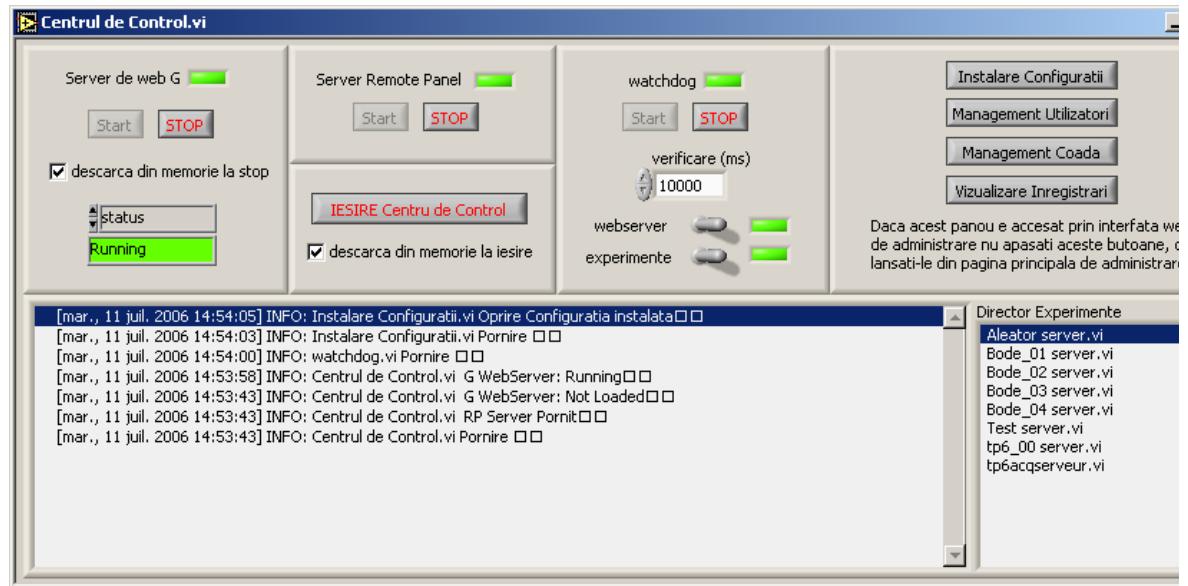
Control Center

■ On server side:

- start web server
- start remote panel
- start watchdog
- CGI scripts

■ Management:

- pluggable experiment list
- remote administration
- users login, passwd
- user access, connections
- client queries
- config. experiments
- visu logs, history, statistics

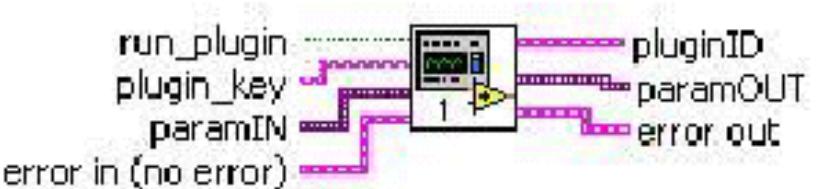


Plug-ins

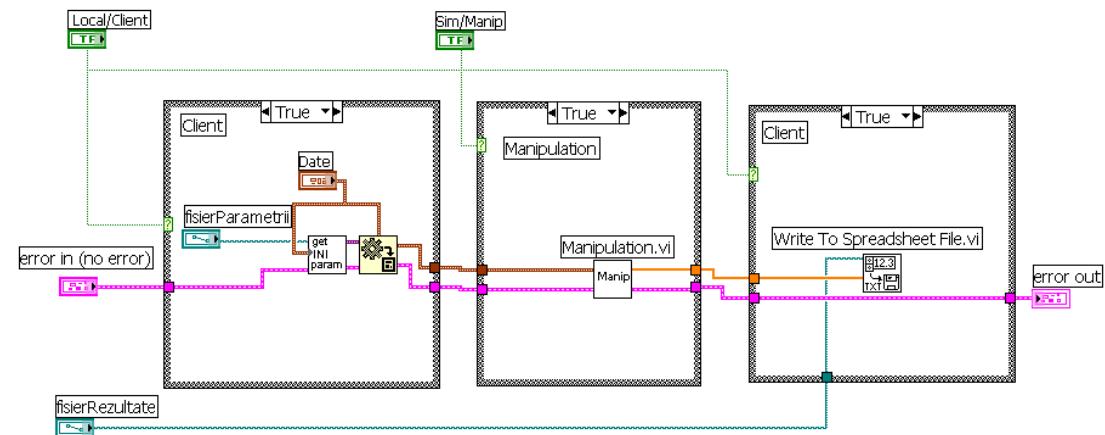
- 5 types of plug-ins:
 - **experiment**: one plug-in per experiment
 - **simulation** (math & physics models)
 - web pages, **demos**, other (reports, visu, quizz...)

■ Server plugin:

- **template** available for tutor



■ Working mode selection: Local vs. Client & Expe. vs. Simul.



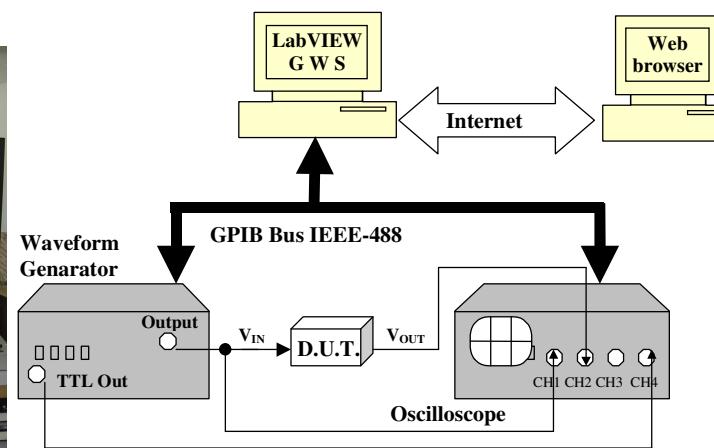
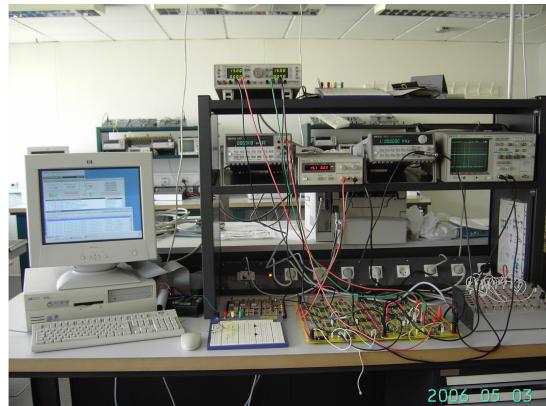
Prototype Implementation

■ Server:

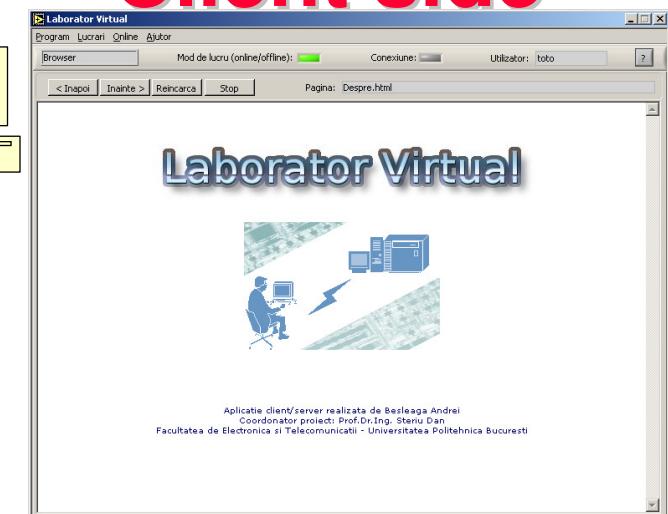
- PC Windows, **GPIB bus (IEEE488)**, **LabVIEW**
- **measurement devices**: waveform generator, oscilloscope, programmable power supply, DAQ board, multimeter, switch-board (for power on/off)

■ Client : graphical interface = control panel

■ Server side



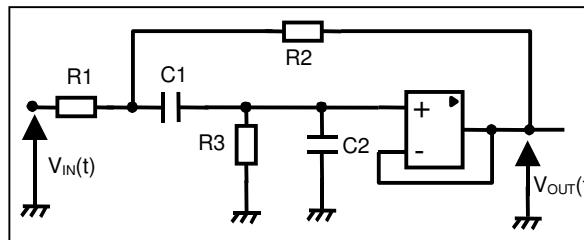
Client side



Student Application Example

■ Characterization of electronic circuits & systems:

- Use of real systems & measurement devices



■ Typical experiment: Bode plots

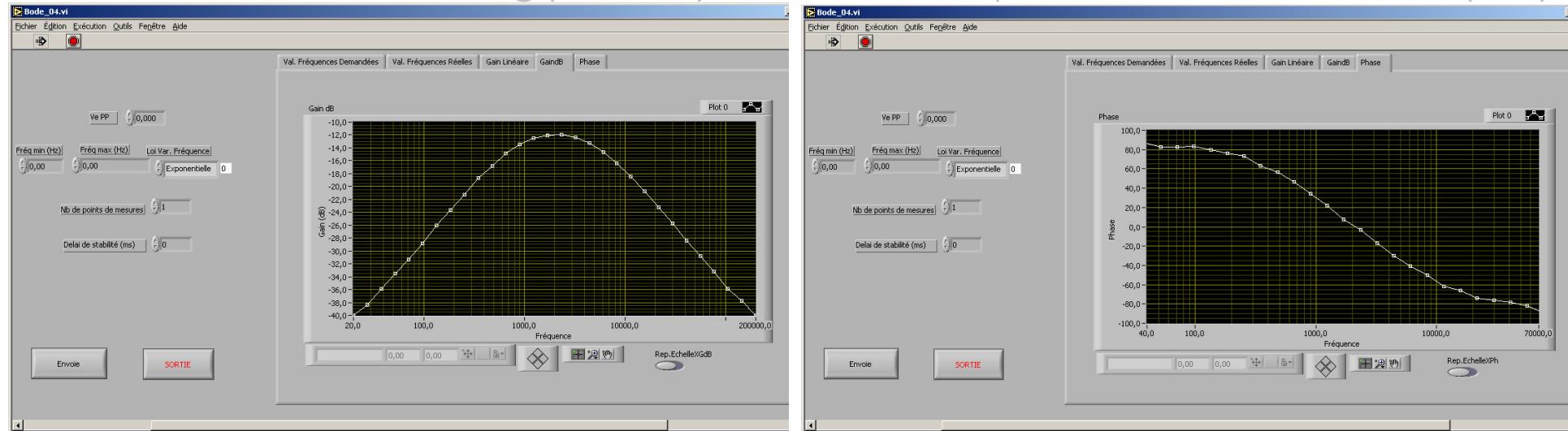
- Gain $GdB=20\log(V_s/V_e)$ & Phase $\Delta\phi=2\pi f \Delta t$: function of $f(\text{Hz})$
- frequently used for system characterization in electronic labs
- precise measure of time delay with oscilloscope (BWL, averaging, gain limit, autoscale, noise...)

■ Student uploads experimental parameters, instrument settings and electrical connections

Student Application

■ Download of results + graphical display

- Gain $GdB=20\log(V_s/V_e)$ & Phase $\Delta\phi=2\pi f \Delta t$: function of $f(\text{Hz})$



■ Interpretation + send report (cf pedagogical data)

■ Other experiments:

- data acquisition + signal processing, image processing, automation, supervision of programmable devices and interfaces, electrical characteristics of circuits & systems, mechanical engineering...

Advantages

- Reduced cost for education
 - expensive devices
- Pedagogical resource sharing
 - within / between universities
- Availability : 7/7days 24/24 hours
- Fast prototyping, easy maintenance, extensible
 - plug-in concept
- Automated measurements
 - speed-up, error free

Outline

- **Keywords:** Distant Learning, Labwork, Technical Education, LabVIEW
- **Main Results:**
 - multi-user (30 simultaneous connections tested)
 - multi-experiment, multi-session,
 - entire learning process including **practical work**
- **Discussion:**
 - pedagogical limits of all virtual, all digital
 - pros & cons: Simu vs. Real ? (cf. university survey)
 - collaborative work (distant team-work)
 - evaluation process, learning objectives
 - online/off-line? (cf video, real-time)