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Correction to “Radiation belt electron precipitation by man-made VLF transmissions”

Rory J. Gamble, Craig J. Rodger, Mark A. Clilverd, Jean-André Sauvaud,
Neil R. Thomson, S. L. Stewart, Robert J. McCormick, Michel Parrot,
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[1] In the paper “Radiation belt electron precipitation by man-made VLF transmissions” by Rory J. Gamble et al. (*Journal of Geophysical Research*, *113*, A10211, doi:10.1029/2008JA013369, 2008), Figures 2 and 7 were switched. The correct figures and their captions are shown here.

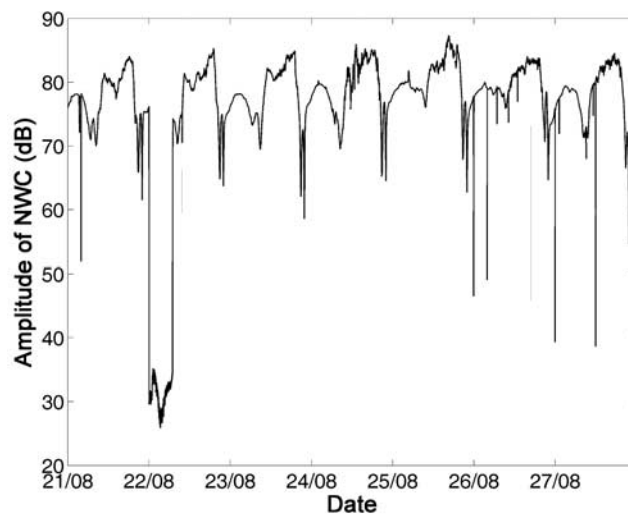


Figure 2. Typical UT variation in transmissions from the VLF station NWC, received at Dunedin, New Zealand, 21–27 August 2005. Nighttimes correspond to the periods with higher amplitudes. This plot presents 1-min average amplitudes, demonstrating the near-constant operation of this transmitter.

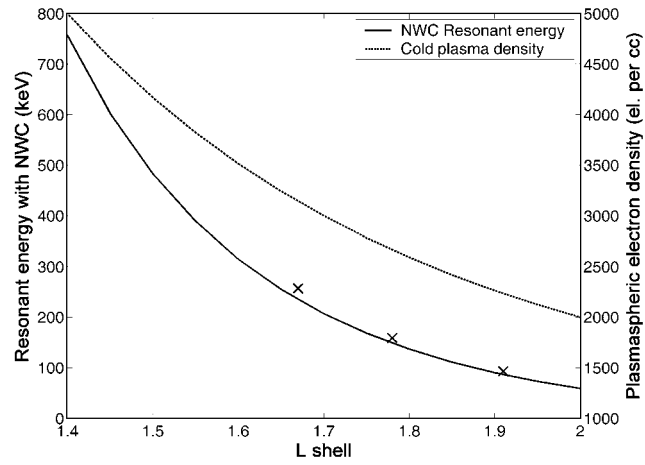


Figure 7. Variation with L of the first-order cyclotron resonant energy with waves of 19.8 kHz (solid line) and the plasmaspheric electron number density used in this calculation (dashed line). The crosses mark the mean L and energy for typical wisps as described in Table 2.