

Boost your eHumanities and eHeritage research with Research Infrastructures (PARTHENOS Webinar)

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Boost your eHumanities and eHeritage research with Research Infrastructures

(Darja Fišer & Ulrike Wuttke)

A Webinar of the PARTHENOS eHumanities and eHeritage Series

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https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pariser_Manuskripte_(Leonardo_da_Vinci)#/media/File:Paris_Manuscript_F_Fol_18v19r.jpg CC0

Webinar start: 24.04.2018, 13:00 CEST

Moderation: Ulrike Wuttke

(University of Applied Sciences Potsdam)



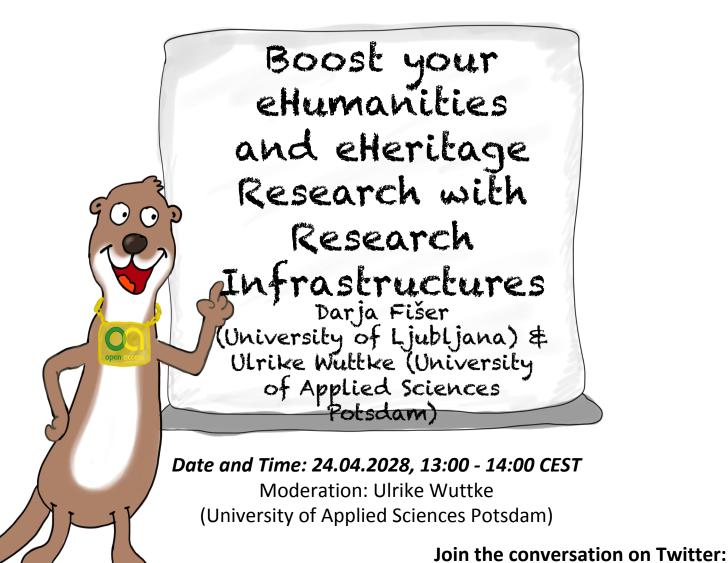
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PARTHENOS eHumanities and eHeritage Webinar Series



#PARTHENOSWebinar





Some Housekeeping...

- As a participant you will be muted and not be seen throughout the webinar.
- For questions and remarks please use the chat. For questions, please use the word question.
- Your questions are going to be answered by the trainers during / after the presentation.
- If you have **sound problems**, please test your technical settings. You have to click on the **speaker symbol** on top to be able to hear (it has to be green).
- Help us improve: Follow up e-mail with a link to a short feedback survey.







Some words about PARTHENOS...

- PARTHENOS stands for: Pooling Activities, Resources and Tools for Heritage eResearch Networking, Optimization and Synergies
- PARTHENOS is a Horizon 2020 project with the aim to strengthen the cohesion of Heritage related E-research
- Running time: 1 May 2015 30 April 2019
- PARTHENOS has 16 partners from 9 European countries
- PARTHENOS Coordinator: PIN Scrl (Italy)
- The PARTHENOS webinar series is a cross PARTHENOS training effort







Which country are you participating from?



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Boost your eHumanities and eHeritage research with Research Infrastructures

Trainers



Darja Fišer (University of Ljubljana, Slovenia)



Ulrike Wuttke (University of Applied Sciences Potsdam, Germany)



Boost your eHumanities and eHeritage research with Research Infrastructures

Darja Fišer & Ulrike Wuttke



What we will do in this webinar:

- highlight advantages of developing research questions in an "infrastructural way"
- exemplify aspects of finding, working, and contributing data to Research Infrastructures (RIs) and using Virtual Research Environments (VREs) and tools
- present Citizen Science approaches for Humanities and Heritage research

Poll: What is for you the first step in a research project? How do you start a project?

What is developing research questions in humanities?

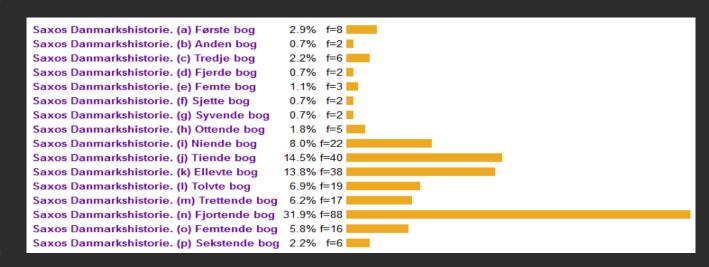
- Gesta Danorum
- written in about 1200 in High Latin by Danish historian Saxo
- describes in 16 books the period of time from King Dan to Canute VI of Denmark
- traditionally divided into 2 parts: B1-9 Norse mythology & B10-16 describing Christianity

Research question: "Is it B9 or B10 that represents the transition from the heathen to the Christian period in the Gesta Danorum?"

What is developing research questions in humanities?

- frequent use of elements from the Christian register of words indicates that the topic described has to do with Christianity in this case the transition from heathen to the Christian period in the Gesta Danorum
- frequency per thousand of Christian elements for B8 is significantly lower compared to B9&10 (0.25, 2.0, and 2.0)
- the change in terms of Christian language usage lies between B8&9

helgen (eng: saint -> noun singular)
helgene (eng: saints -> noun plural
kristent (eng: Christian -> adjective neuter singular)
kristen (eng: Christian -> adjective common singular)
kristendom (eng: Christianity -> singular)
synd (eng:sin -> noun singular)



Finding, working, and contributing data to RIs

15 monolingual: 1 Czech

13 LANGUAGES:

Europarl (21 languages)

1 multilingual:

Danish

English

Majority of corpora tokenised, PoS-tagged and lemmatised Additional mark-up in British *Hansard*

corpus (deep semantic annotation of historical concepts) and Swedish

1 Greek

ANNOTATION

Riksdag's Open Data

compounds)

(MSD-tagging, lemgrams,

1 Lithuanian

2 Norwegian

1 Portugues1 Slovenian

CLARIN Resource Families www.clarin.eu/resource-families

- parliamentary corpora
- newspaper corpora
- parallel corpora
- CMC corpora
- L2 learner corpora



through a concordancer

British Hansard Corpus largest (1.6 billion)

and covers longest period (1803-2005)

French Parliamentary Debates on Europe at the Assemblée nationale

smallest (170,000) and Slovenian SlovParl covers shortest period

SIZE & PERIOD

LICENCE

CC-BY; the rest

miscellaneous

Half available under

Slovenian parliamentary

corpus SlovParl 2.0

Slovenian

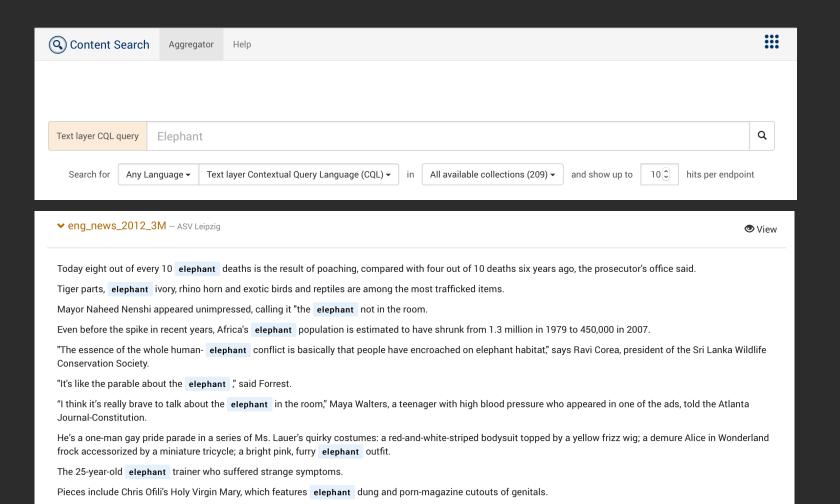
The corpus contains

Slovenian parliamentary

Q Concordancer

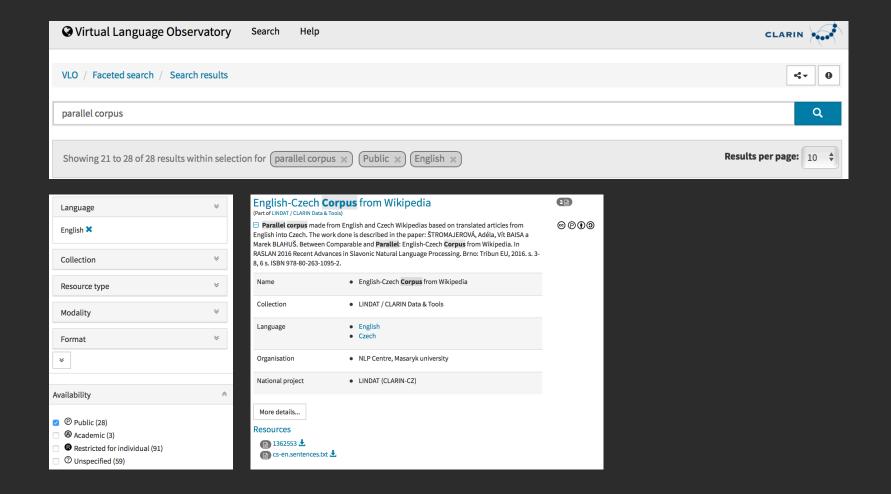
Finding, working, and contributing data to RIs

Federated Content Search https://spraakbanken.gu.se/ws/fcs/2.0/aggregator/



Finding, working, and contributing data to RIs

Virtual Language Observatory https://vlo.clarin.eu/



Using VREs and tools

CLARIN Language Switchboard https://switchboard.clarin.eu

ens herbeigeführt sehen möchten, d. h. mit anderen Worten, Berlin die Rolle der Hauptstadt und des Machtsitzes der früher oder später völlig geeinigten deutschen Beiches über-tragen zu sehen wünschten. Abgesehen von sonstigen innerer and ausseren Hindernissen, welche der Verwirklichung dieses Planes entgegenstreben, sind es besonders die lokalen Inter-essen und die particularen Anziehungekräfte der kleineren deut-

schen Residenzen oder Hauptstädte, welche sich als schlimmst Steine des Anstesses geltend machen, da sie nicht mit Gewalt beseitigt und durch Güte schwer gewonnen werden können —

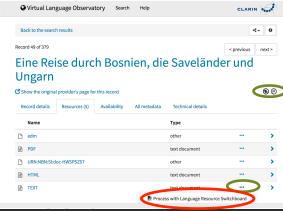
weil sie sich überhaupt nicht gewinnen lassen wollen. Ist die Beantwortung der Frage, was soll nach Ueberschreitung der Mainlinie aus München, Stuttgart und Karlsruhe werden, schor eine sehr schwere, so scheint mir die Frage noch gar nicht gestellt zu sein, was soll aus Wien werden, wenn der s oft angestimmte Ruf nach Wiedervereinigung mit den »Brü Vielleicht hat mancher wie ich im Stillen calculirt, Berlin wird

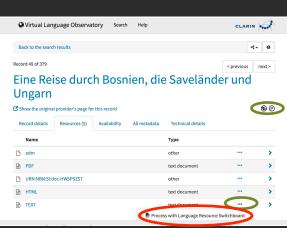
bald eine Million Einwohner zählen, Wien ist jetzt schon min-der reich an Insassen, als unsere Hauptstadt und es kann nicht zunehmen, ia es wird bald zurückgeben, weil der Schwerpunk des Beiches ohne unser Zuthun nach Pesth und Ofen verleg werden wird und überdies Prag und andere Städte danach stre blieken wie bisher. Die Rechmung wäre gant gut, wenn Wien bles eine Haupt- und Residensstadt und nicht gleichzeitig auch eine Weltstadt wäre, wohin es Berlin erst bringen soll, ab-

ersehen von anderen, noch näher zu erürternden Ursachen. De edanke, dass die Wiener nach Berlin als ihrer Hauptstad:

Lächerlichkeit und er wird noch lange, wenn nicht beständig in das Reich der Ungereimtbeiten gehören. Selbst angenommen, das Haus Habsburg wurde gezwungen (freiwillig wird es sich nicht dazu entschliessen), den Schwerpunkt des Reiches nach

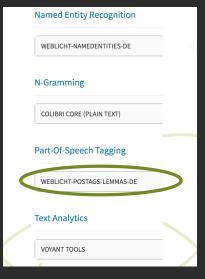
- digitized by Slovenian National University Library
- about Bosnia
- written in German

















Where to find/store data/tools/expertise/training:

European RIs for SSH & CH

RIs set up under the auspices of ESFRI, each based on national consortia of universities, libraries, museums, archives etc.:













In addition a number of past or ongoing EC supported Infrastructure Projects, such as













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The Cultural Heritage Data Reuse Charter

- scenario: Researcher wants to use digital cultural heritage assets (=data)
 hosted by CHIs/datacentres/infrastructures for research
- at the moment, this is mostly far from easy to achieve
- users wish to re-use and share data = straightforward conditions of re-use



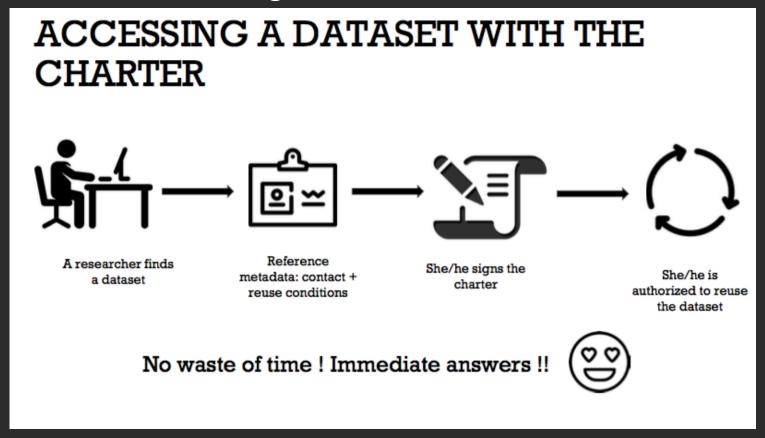
- Find the information about reuse and the relevant contact point
- Make a first request...

The Cultural Heritage Data Reuse Charter

- aim: Opening up Cultural Heritage data where possible and improve the interplay between scientific research and CHIs
- prerequisite: a non-restrictive, easy to understand and applicable general framework that provides incentives and best practices to all stakeholders about access, use, and reuse
- the Cultural Heritage Data Reuse Charter as a common online environment is currently under development with several supra-national infrastructures and projects involved (including CLARIN, DARIAH, PARTHENOS etc.)



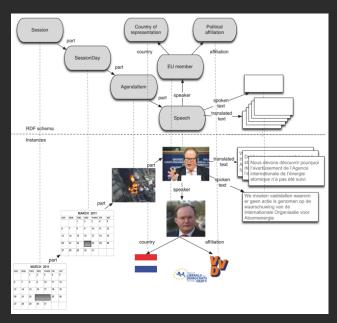
The Cultural Heritage Data Reuse Charter: Vision



- go to <u>the Charter mission statement</u>
- read more in the PARTHENOS Training Suite about
 Managing Cultural Heritage Assets and the Cultural Heritage Reuse Charter

Talk of Europe (2014-2015)

- Erasmus University Rotterdam, University Amsterdam, DANS, Netherlands
 Institute for Sound and Vision
- goal: facilitate richer research of the European Parliament by turning the EP proceedings into Linked Open Data and organizing creative camps to spark collaborative development on the new database
- Linked Open Data
 - semantic: Give me politicians who held a speech on 23 March 2011.
 - linked: Give me politicians from the Committee on Foreign Affairs who held a speech on 23 March 2011.
 - open: Give me politicians from the Committee on Foreign Affairs who held a speech on the topic of human rights 23 March 2011.



Source:

http://www.talkofeurope.eu/2014/01/about/

A Digital Database of Manuscripts and Intercultural Dialogue in Post-Conquest England

- this Europeana Research Grant project draws on Europeana data to take a new approach to the status of French writing following the Norman Conquest of England in 1066
- aim: create and analyse an EDM-compliant digital database of all 958 manuscripts containing French literature from medieval England

anum at ma at ma at ma at ma metac deus; quini uane rumt aque utip adamnam mam hipati um lumo pinndi cenonet ubitama, em matmulme mari em matmulme mari em matmulme mari em tentama em matmulme mari en cripetta amentu me. Labram damantrance labram damantrance labram damantrance deference ou me tentam con ma faire sum tras uns faires sum tras uns faires sum tras un mario que diperse en munoco. un proportion de defendence monte que diperse en munoco.

Additional MS 35283, fol. 75v, CC0.

"Digitisation of medieval manuscripts has been so important to medievalists in general. There are still many reasons to work with a manuscript in person, but among other benefits, the digitisation of medieval manuscripts allows us to visually compare manuscripts from different collections, to see new details on manuscripts and to access manuscripts remotely. The kind of project I'm working on now, which involves checking linguistic data of a large number of manuscripts, wouldn't be feasible without digitised manuscript collections."

Krista Murchison (Leiden University)

https://pro.europeana.eu/post/medieval-manuscript-databases-krista-murchison-europeana-research-grants-winner

The JANES Project 2014-2017

- University of Ljubljana, Jožef Stefan Institute
- goal: facilitate research of communication practices in social media by compiling a corpus of Slovenian UGC and developing tools and resources for processing Slovenian UGC
 - Results
 - Richly annotated corpora: user metadata (type, sex, region), text metadata (date, language, standardness level, sentiment), linguistic annotation (normalization, PoS-tagging, lemmatization)
 - Manually annotated corpora: for training tools (normalization, tagging, parsing), for linguistic analysis (abbreviation strategies, comma placement, code-switching, dialects, politicians)



Source: http://nl.ijs.si/janes/english/

Venice Time Machine

- aim: capture 1,000 years of records of the Republic of Venice in dynamic digital form
- machine-learning technologies will enable the researchers to search and crossreference the information

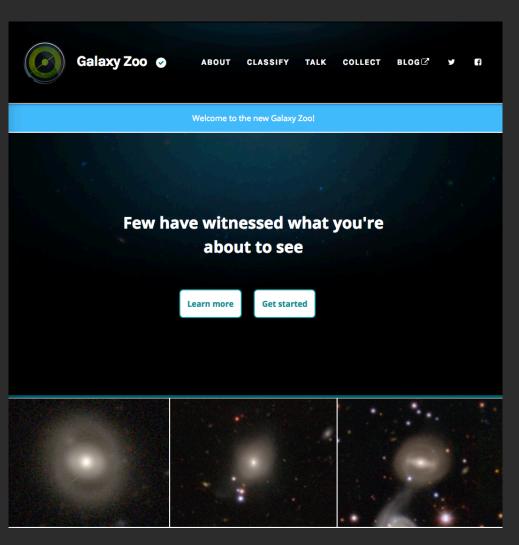


3D reconstruction of Rialto neighborhood in 1500 ab. based on the documents of Venetian archives, © DHLAB / EPFL,

AMstudio, Venice

- for automated text recognition it cooperates with H2020 <u>READ-Transcribus</u>
- challenge: organize transparent processes linking historical records and computer-based visualizations
- first outcomes: development of the Rialto from AD 950
- many possibilities for e.g. language research, personal networks, economic history, medical history etc.
- Vision: link to similar time machines in Europe's historic centres of culture and commerce (e.g. Amsterdam, Paris etc.)





Galaxy Zoo:
The most successful
Citizen Science project
ever (so far...)

Screenshot of: https://www.zooniverse.org/projects/zookeeper/galaxy-zoo/

What is Citizen Science?

"Citizen Science refers to the general public engagement in scientific research activities when citizens actively contribute to science either with their intellectual effort or surrounding knowledge or with their tools and resources."

Source: Serrano Sanz et al. 2014, p. 8.



Source: https://twitter.com/OHBM/status/971793038543671296

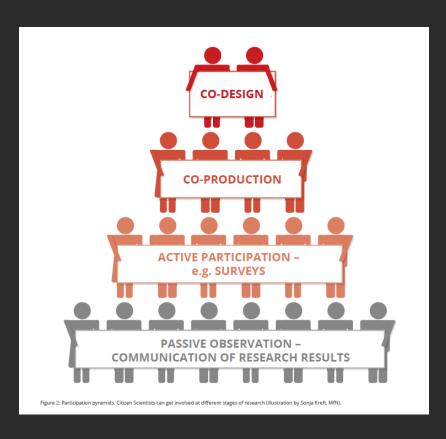


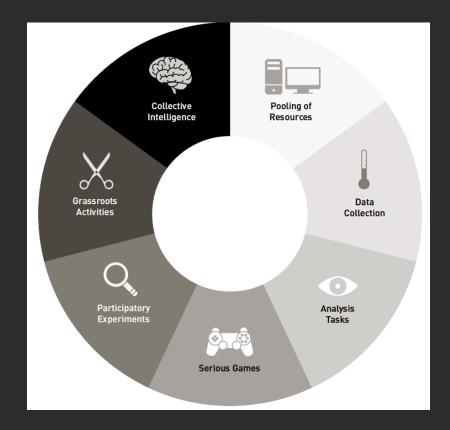
Open Innovation Strategy for Austria 2016

Citizen Science and the Digital Transformation

- "Digital Transformation" (Web 2.0, new technologies, new philosophy of sharing) provides huge potential for Citizen Science
- many successful Citizen Science projects take place in the digital world (VREs)
- digital solutions mobilize individual and collective engagement for co-creation
- new forms of scientific communication play a huge role

Models of Citizen Engagement in Science





Source: Bonn et al. 2016, p. 17.

Source: Serrano Sanz et al. 2014, p. 9.

Citizen Science examples from eHumanities and eHeritage





Heinrich Schliemann,

the German pioneer of archeology who discovered Troy, was a businessman, he never studied archeology

Pictures:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heinrich Schliemann#/media/File:Heinrich Schliemann (HeidICON 28763) (cropped).jpg CC BY-SA 4.0, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heinrich Schliemann#/media/File:MaskeAgamemnon.JPG CC BY-SA 3.0

Letters of 1916

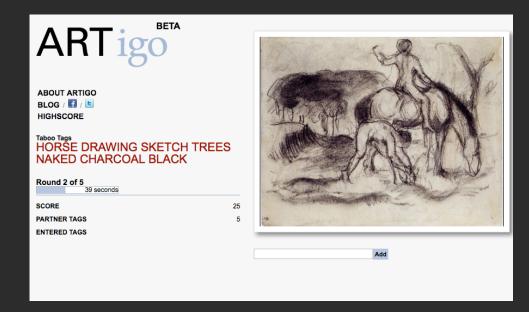
- aim: create a crowd-sourced digital collection of letters written around the Easter Rising (Ireland)
- participants transcribe (edit and tag) letters and also add letters to the collection
- huge public engagement factor, educational aspects
- data collection, analysis



Screenshot of: http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/

ARTigo: Informatics and (digital) art history

- aim: develop a semantic search engine for digitised works of art
- several games to promote art recognition: citizen scientists describe the content of artwork with keywords > collect a wide range of keywords in order to enhance search functionality and answer complex research questions
- gamification (serious games)



Screenshot of: http://www.artigo.org/ tabooTaggingGame.html;jsessionid=AC62C9A64E97191E89CA1F07AAF56 B28.www2

Citizen Science @ Libraries

- as part of regional studies e.g. contribution to regional bibliographies, adding to Wikipedia articles, transcription of digitised materials on Wikisource
- get general access to tools and general research support
- georeferencing of maps (<u>Virtuelles Kartenforum 2.0</u>),
 SLUB Dresden
- contributions to collective research of history (German Example: <u>History of Cycling</u>)

Potentials and Challenges of Citizen Science

Potentials

- opening of the scientific process and greater research diversity: create scientific knowledge outside institutionalized science with "unusual suspects"
- develop new research questions and topics: societal relevance (real problems, concrete answers) and broader public engagement/understanding
- wider dissemination of research results to the public (science communication)
- Create large data sets & solve work intensive tasks

Challenges

- lack of resources (time, money, spaces, infrastructure)
- lack of fair sharing and compensation models for crowdwork
- data protection / Intellectual Property Right (IPR)

Always keep in mind the two perspectives:

- Researchers ask themselves: What do I gain by working with volunteers?
- Volunteers ask themselves: What do I gain by working with scientists?

Citizen Science and Research Infrastructures



Poll: What can Research Infrastructures do for Citizen Science?

Take Home Messages

- check if data and tools that you could use are already available
- start with a pilot to test your approach and then go big
- think and develop your research with Open Science in mind from the start (Open Data, Open Access, documentation)
- Citizen Science projects have a high potential to prove the value of the humanities to the society: Get creative and don't be afraid
- For a Citizen Science project you need to think everything through from the beginning: Citizen Science is not an afterthought
- acknowledge need for upskilling of researchers and citizen scientists (new scientific methods, new topics, e.g. legal aspects, data quality)
- digital citizen science projects need to ensure that applications are suited to the project and that data collection and data use conform to data protection laws (but do not reinvent the wheel)

Collaborate! Get technical expertise/support from experts/RIs!

Bibliography & Reading suggestions #citizenscience:

- Bonn et al. Green Paper Citizen Science Strategy 2020 for Germany. Berlin, 2016.
- Ten Principles of Citizen Science from the European Citizen Science Association, 2015
- Open Innovation, Open Science, Open to the World A vision for Europe, European Commission Directorate-General for Research & Innovation, 2016
- Open Innovation Strategy for Austria, BMWFW, Vienna, 2016
- Pettibone and Vohland, Citizen Science for all: A Guide for Citizen Science Practitioners, 2016
- Schreibman 2018, Lecture "From Archives to Activism: Why Public Engagement is Essential for the Future of the Humanities" (Slides)
- Heigl, Florian, Dörler, Daniel, Bartar, Pamela, Brodschneider, Robert, Cieslinski, Marika, Ernst,
 Marlene, ... Ziegler, David. (2018, February 1). Qualitätskriterien für Citizen Science Projekte auf Österreich forscht (Version 1.0). Zenodo. http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1161922
- Bowser and Shanley, New Visions in Citizen Science, 2013, chapter Citizen Archivists.
- Serrano Sanz et al. White Paper on Citizen Science for Europe. Socientize Consortium, 2014

Some Citizen Science Networks & Associations

- <u>www.buergerschaffenwissen.de</u> (Germany)
- www.citizen-science.at (Austria)
- www.science-et-cite.ch/de/citizen-science (Switzerland)
- www.citizenscienceassociation.org (U.S.)
- https://ecsa.citizen-science.net (Europe)
- https://www.citizenscience.org.au/who-we-are/ (Australia)
- https://www.facebook.com/CitSciAsia (Asia)
- http://citizenscience.org/ (global)
- http://citsci.org (Colorado State University)





Questions & Answers



(Picture CC0 https://pixabay.com/photo-2999583/)







Announcements

- New PARTHENOS Training Suite module around Developing research
 Questions is being developed by PARTHENOS (led by Darja)
- Have a look at the PARTHENOS YouTube Channel: all videos so far produced by PARTHENOS and PARTHENOS Training
- **PARTHENOS Webinar Workshop** at the European Summer University in Digital Humanities 2018 (ESU), Leipzig (apply until 1st of May 2018, scholarships available):
 - How Research Infrastructures empower eHumanities and eHeritage Research(ers)







Questions & Answers



(Picture CC0 https://pixabay.com/photo-2999583/)







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✓ Please help us improving the PARTHENOS Webinar Series and fill out the short Feedback Survey that we'll sent you in a follow-up e-mail.

(Picture: CCO https://pixabay.com/photo-1889007/)







PARTHENOS eHumanities and eHeritage Webinar Series



